



Key Question: Are all animals totally different?

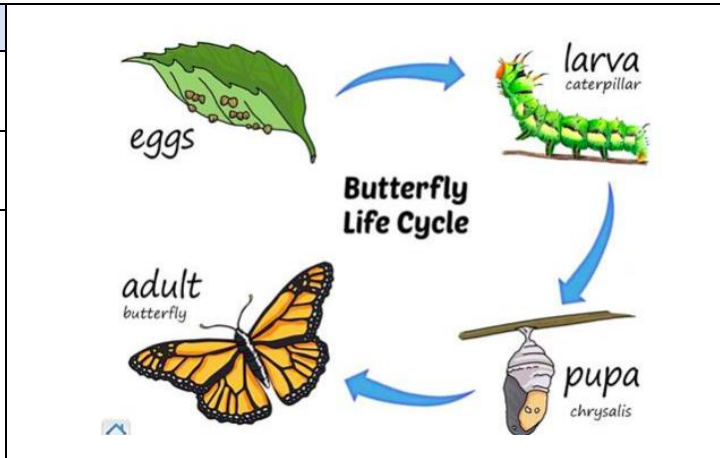
Key Knowledge

Most living things live in habitats to which they are suited.

Habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants

Animals can be sorted (classified) into mammals, birds, fish, insects, amphibians, reptiles and humans.

Plants can be sorted into deciduous and evergreen trees, common plants and flowering plants.



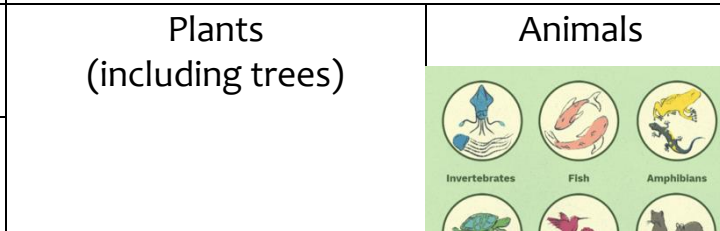
Key Vocabulary

Habitat - Habitats are places where animals and plants live.

Life Cycle - A life cycle is the journey of a living thing from beginning to end.

Living thing - For something to be a living thing, it must grow and evolve, feed (use up energy) and reproduce (make more of its own type) and get rid of waste.

Things that are living have needs to keep them alive.



- All living things:
- move – think about how a flower will open up towards sunlight
 - make more of their own type – humans and other animals have babies, birds will lay eggs
 - respond to the place they are in – if a plant is in a dark place, it will try to grow towards the light
 - feed – animals will eat food, plants will suck up goodness from soil
 - grow
 - get rid of waste – like when humans go to the toilet
 - need oxygen

This block contains two sets of illustrations. The top set shows various plants labeled: wildflowers, thistle, flowers, herbs, mushrooms, weed, fern, cattails, reeds, bamboo, ivy, shrub, moss, grass, Palm tree, bush, corn, and tree. The bottom set shows various animals labeled: Invertebrates, Fish, Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds, and Mammals.

Some animals can be endangered – some animals are now extinct.

Plant - A plant is a living organism. There are many types of plants which also include trees.

Animal - Animals are living things. Like plants, animals need food and water to live.

Food chain - A food chain shows how energy is passed between plants and animals.

